

PART – I (1x11=11)

Q.1. Write the Question No. and the complete correct option on the answer script.

- (i) According to Christian belief, the Holy Trinity consists of:

(a) Father, Son and Angels

(b) Father, Son and Holy Spirit

(c) Father, Prophets and Apostles

(d) Father, Saints and Disciples
- (ii) Which Ecumenical Council played a significant role in defining the Christian doctrine concerning the divinity of Jesus Christ?

(a) Council of Jerusalem

(b) Council of Trent

(c) Council of Nicaea

(d) Council of Chalcedon
- (iii) Who baptized Jesus Christ in the River Jordan?

(a) Saint Peter

(b) John the Baptist

(c) Saint Paul

(d) Saint Stephen
- (iv) Which event in Christianity celebrates the resurrection of Jesus Christ?

(a) Christmas

(b) Pentecost

(c) Good Friday

(d) Easter Sunday
- (v) Which of the following is a fundamental Christian value emphasized in the teachings of Jesus Christ?

(a) Revenge

(b) Pride

(c) Forgiveness

(d) Selfishness
- (vi) The Parable of the Good Samaritan primarily teaches the importance of:

(a) Wealth and prosperity

(b) Compassion and service to others

(c) Political authority

(d) Religious ceremonies
- (vii) Who is traditionally recognized as the first Christian martyr?

(a) Saint Augustine

(b) Saint Stephen

(c) Saint Paul

(d) Saint Peter
- (viii) Saint Augustine is particularly remembered for his contributions to:

(a) Military leadership

(b) Christian theology & philosophy

(c) Roman architecture

(d) Political administration
- (ix) Which of the following languages was NOT an original language of the Holy Bible?

(a) Hebrew

(b) Aramaic

(c) Greek

(d) Latin
- (x) Which book of the New Testament primarily describes the establishment and expansion of the Early Church?

(a) Genesis

(b) Exodus

(c) Acts of the Apostles

(d) Psalmst
- (xi) Saint Paul is particularly known for his:

(a) Construction of the Temple

(b) Missionary journeys & teachings

(c) Leadership of the Roman Empire

(d) Translation of the Old Testament

PART – II (8x3=24)

Q.2. Attempt any Eight (8) questions. Answer concisely with relevant explanation.

- (i) Define the Holy Trinity and explain the relationship among the Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

(ii) Explain the significance of the Ecumenical Councils in the historical development of the doctrine of the Holy Trinity.
- (iii) Describe the significance of any three miracles performed by Jesus Christ in establishing His divine mission.

(iv) Explain the significance of the baptism, temptations and resurrection of Jesus Christ in Christian belief.
- (v) Identify and briefly explain three fundamental Christian values emphasized in the teachings of Jesus Christ.

(vi) How does the Parable of the Good Samaritan promote love, compassion and service to humanity?
- (vii) Who was Saint Stephen? Describe his testimony, martyrdom and significance in early Christianity.

(viii) Briefly explain the conversion of Saint Augustine and mention two of his major contributions to Christian theology.
- (ix) Briefly describe the contributions of Dr. Frank Khair-Ullah and Allama Paul Earnest to Christian thought and education.

(x) Name the three original languages of the Holy Bible and explain its importance as a guide for Christian faith and practice.
- (xi) Explain how Jewish traditions and Greco-Roman culture influenced the development of the Early Church.

(xii) Describe three major contributions of Saint Paul to the spread and development of Christianity.

PART – III (3x5=15)

Instruction: Each question has two alternatives. Attempt only one alternative from each question.

- Q.3. How can the Christian doctrine of the Holy Trinity guide believers in promoting unity, cooperation and mutual respect within their families and communities? Explain with relevant examples.

OR Analyze how the miracles, crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus Christ contribute to the Christian understanding of His divine mission and the significance of faith and salvation.
- Q.4. A student observes discrimination and conflict among classmates. How can the Christian teachings of love, forgiveness and service, particularly the Parable of the Good Samaritan, be applied to resolve these problems? Explain with practical examples.

OR Analyze how the lives, spiritual experiences and contributions of Saint Stephen and Saint Augustine demonstrate the importance of faith, sacrifice and transformation in Christianity.
- Q.5. How can Christians apply the teachings of the Holy Bible to address contemporary social challenges such as dishonesty, intolerance and injustice? Support your answer with relevant biblical principles and practical examples.

OR Analyze the influence of Jewish traditions, Greco-Roman culture and the missionary activities of Saint Paul on the establishment and expansion of the Early Church.

PART – I (1x11=11)

Q.1. Write the Question No. and the complete correct option on the answer script.

- (i) Which sacred Hindu scripture contains the teachings of Lord Krishna to Arjuna?

(a) Ramayana (b) Bhagavad Gita (c) Upanishads (d) Rigveda
- (ii) Which of the following represents the four Purusharthas in Hindu philosophy?

(a) Dharma, Artha, Kama and Moksha (b) Karma, Bhakti, Yoga and Dharma (c) Satya, Ahimsa, Shanti and Seva (d) Brahma, Vishnu, Shiva and Indra
- (iii) Which Sanskar is traditionally associated with a newborn child?

(a) Vivah Sanskar (b) Antyeshti Sanskar (c) Namkaran Sanskar (d) Yajnopavita Sanskar
- (iv) Katas Raj Mandir, an important Hindu religious site, is located in which province of Pakistan?

(a) Sindh (b) Punjab (c) Balochistan (d) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- (v) Which Hindu religious personality is particularly associated with Advaita Vedanta philosophy?

(a) Bhagat Surdas (b) Mahatma Vidur (c) Jagatguru Shankaracharya (d) Bhagat Trilochan
- (vi) Which historical personality is widely recognized for promoting the principles of Dhamma and non-violence?

(a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Chanakya (c) Emperor Ashoka (d) Bhartrihari
- (vii) Who among the following is particularly known for writing the novel Godaan?

(a) Krishan Chander (b) Munshi Premchand (c) Firaq Gorakhpuri (d) Kalidas
- (viii) According to Hindu moral teachings, which of the following is included among the Five Vikaras?

(a) Ahimsa (b) Satya (c) Lobha (d) Daya
- (ix) In Hindu philosophy, the term Punarjanam refers to:

(a) Liberation from suffering (b) Rebirth after death (c) Performance of religious rituals (d) Attainment of material prosperity
- (x) Which Hindu festival is primarily associated with the worship of Mata Rani in her different forms?

(a) Hanuman Jayanti (b) Teej (c) Navratri (d) Chand Festival
- (xi) Hanuman Jayanti is celebrated to commemorate the:

(a) Victory of Lord Rama (b) Birth of Hanuman Ji (c) Marriage of Lord Shiva (d) Birth of Lord Krishna

PART – II (8x3=24)

Q.2. Attempt any Eight (8) questions. Answer concisely with relevant explanation.

- (i) Explain the importance of the Vedas, Upanishads and Bhagavad Gita in Hindu religious philosophy.

(ii) What are the four Purusharthas in Hindu philosophy? Briefly explain their significance in human life.
- (iii) Differentiate between Namkaran Sanskar, Vivah Sanskar and Antyeshti Sanskar with reference to their purposes.

(iv) Describe the historical and religious significance of Katas Raj Mandir in Pakistan.
- (v) Explain three important moral teachings of Mahatma Vidur and their relevance to everyday life.

(vi) Briefly describe the spiritual teachings and contributions of Jagatguru Shankaracharya to Hindu philosophy.
- (vii) Identify three major contributions of Emperor Ashoka to society and explain their historical significance.

(viii) Describe the literary contributions of Munshi Premchand and explain how his writings reflect social issues.
- (ix) What are the Five Vikaras in Hindu philosophy? Explain the harmful effects of any two on human behaviour.

(x) Differentiate between Yama and Niyama and explain their importance in developing moral character.
- (xi) Explain the religious significance of Navratri and describe two important practices observed during the festival.

(xii) What is Aarti? Explain its religious significance and describe the main steps involved in performing it.

PART – III (3x5=15)

Instruction: Each question has two alternatives. Attempt only one alternative from each question.

- Q.3. How can the teachings of the Bhagavad Gita regarding duty, righteousness and selfless action be applied to help students make ethical decisions in their academic and personal lives? Explain with relevant examples.

OR Analyze the relationship between Karma, Punarjanam (rebirth) and the four Purusharthas in Hindu philosophy. How do these concepts influence human conduct and the understanding of life's purpose?
- Q.4. A community is experiencing conflicts due to jealousy, anger and greed. How can the principles of Yama and Niyama be applied to overcome these negative tendencies and promote peaceful coexistence? Support your answer with practical examples.

OR Analyze the historical and religious significance of Katas Raj Mandir and Prahlad Puri Mandir. How do these sacred places reflect the religious and cultural heritage of Hinduism in Pakistan?
- Q.5. How can the moral teachings of Mahatma Vidur and the principles of Dharma be applied to promote honesty, justice and responsible leadership in contemporary society? Explain with suitable examples.

OR Analyze the religious and cultural significance of Navratri and Aarti in Hinduism. How do their rituals and practices contribute to spiritual devotion, moral development and community unity?

(THE END)